

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE IN REVIEW

EUROPE, THE MIDDLE EAST, AND CENTRAL ASIA | FY 2003 – 2012



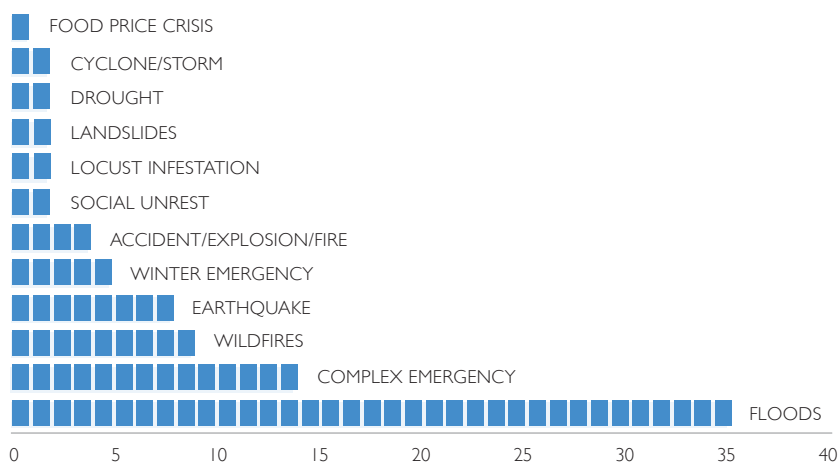
THE EMCA REGION¹ COMPRISES ALBANIA, ALGERIA, ANDORRA, ARMENIA, AUSTRIA, AZERBAIJAN, BAHRAIN, BELARUS, BELGIUM, BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA, BULGARIA, CANADA, CROATIA, CYPRUS, CZECH REPUBLIC, DENMARK, EGYPT, ESTONIA, FINLAND, FRANCE, GEORGIA, GERMANY, GREECE, HUNGARY, ICELAND, IRAN, IRAQ, IRELAND, ISRAEL, ITALY, JORDAN, KAZAKHSTAN, KOSOVO, KUWAIT, KYRGYZSTAN, LATVIA, LEBANON, LIBYA, LIECHTENSTEIN, LITHUANIA, LUXEMBOURG, MACEDONIA, MALTA, MOLDOVA, MONACO, MONTENEGRO, MOROCCO, NETHERLANDS, NORWAY, OMAN, POLAND, PORTUGAL, QATAR, ROMANIA, RUSSIA, SAN MARINO, SAUDI ARABIA, SERBIA, SLOVAKIA, SLOVENIA, SPAIN, SWEDEN, SWITZERLAND, SYRIA, TAJIKISTAN, TUNISIA, TURKEY, TURKMENISTAN, UKRAINE, UNITED ARAB EMIRATES, UNITED KINGDOM, UZBEKISTAN, WEST BANK/GAZA, AND YEMEN.

Natural disasters, including drought, earthquakes, floods, and wildfires, as well as ongoing complex emergencies and limited government capacity in the region, present significant challenges to vulnerable populations in Europe, the Middle East, and Central Asia (EMCA). Between Fiscal Year (FY) 2003 and FY 2012, USAID’s Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA) and USAID’s Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP) provided assistance in response to a range of disasters, including floods, wildfires, winter emergencies, and complex crises.

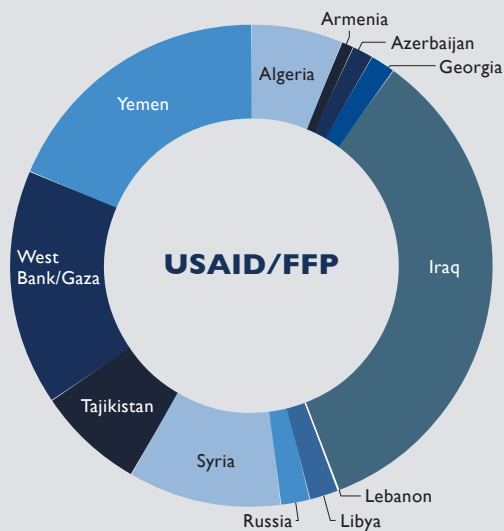
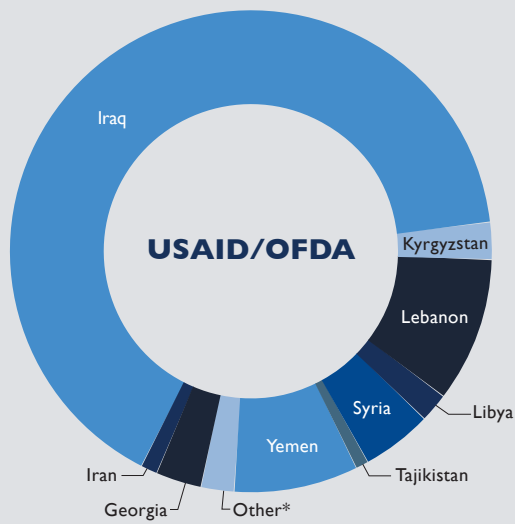
Between FY 2003 and FY 2012, USAID provided nearly \$1.3 billion for emergency response programs in the EMCA region. USAID/OFDA assistance included approximately \$689 million for agriculture and food security, health, livelihoods, nutrition, protection, shelter, and water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) interventions, as well as support for humanitarian coordination and logistics and the provision of relief commodities. USAID/FFP assistance included more than \$608 million in emergency food assistance.

In the last decade, USAID deployed eight Disaster Assistance Response Teams (DARTs) and multiple humanitarian assessment teams to the region. DARTs deployed to Iran and Morocco in FY 2004 in response to earthquakes and to Israel in FY 2011 in response to wildfires. DARTs also deployed to Iraq in FY 2003, Lebanon in FY 2006, Georgia in FY 2008, and Libya in FY 2011 in response to complex emergencies. In FY 2004, USAID deployed a regional DART to North and West Africa to respond

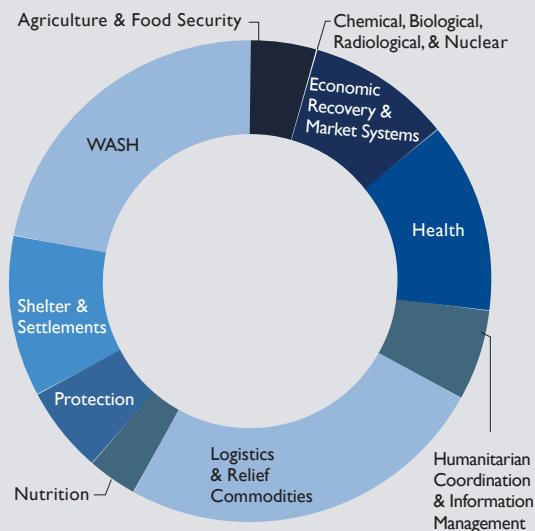
NUMBER OF DISASTERS DECLARED IN EUROPE, THE MIDDLE EAST, AND CENTRAL ASIA BY TYPE (FY 2003 – 2012)



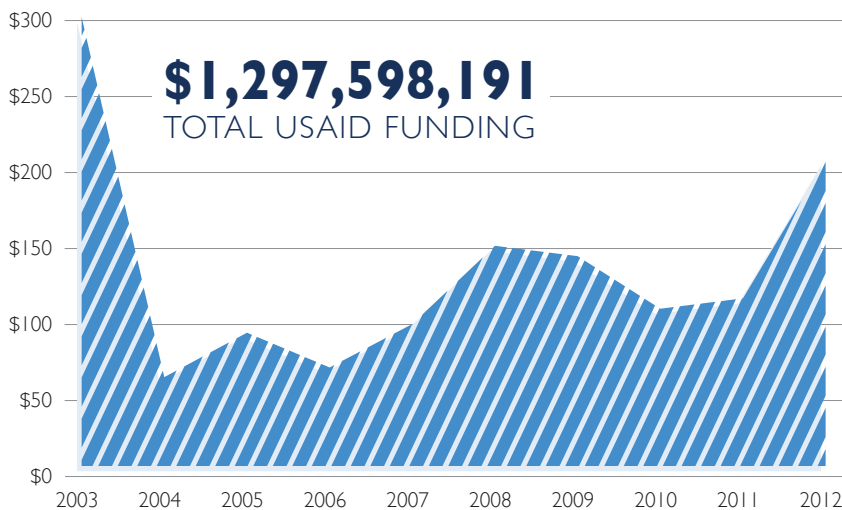
USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EUROPE, THE MIDDLE EAST, AND CENTRAL ASIA
BY COUNTRY (FY 2003 – 2012)



USAID/OFDA HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EUROPE, THE MIDDLE EAST, AND CENTRAL ASIA
BY SECTOR (FY 2003 – 2012)[†]



USAID DISASTER RESPONSE FUNDING TO EUROPE, THE MIDDLE EAST, AND CENTRAL ASIA² (FY 2003 – 2012), IN MILLIONS



to locust infestations. USAID also activated multiple Washington, D.C.-based Response Management Teams to support DART coordination and response efforts.

To complement emergency assistance and mitigate the underlying causes of vulnerabilities, USAID/OFDA supports disaster risk reduction (DRR) programming in the EMCA region. USAID/OFDA DRR interventions include technical assistance and technology transfer to build capacity in communities and national agencies, as well as project-level activities such as seismic-resistant shelter construction. Recent USAID/OFDA DRR activities in FY 2012 include support for disaster preparedness and risk reduction in the Balkans, a regional snowmelt workshop for Europe, and strengthened regional DRR coordination in Central Asia.

Through emergency and development food assistance programs, USAID/FFP works to save lives and reduce food insecurity in times of crisis and situations of chronic food insecurity. USAID/FFP emergency food assistance includes both in-kind food aid and cash-based assistance in the form of local and regional procurement of food commodities, cash transfers, and food vouchers, where market conditions allow.

¹In FY 2012, the USAID/OFDA Afghanistan portfolio transitioned from the EMCA to the South Asia team.

²FY 2012 rounded figures represent committed or obligated amounts as of September 30, 2012. FY 2012 figures are subject to fluctuation due to end-of-fiscal-year financial review and reconciliation activities. Figures do not include USAID/OFDA disaster preparedness and mitigation assistance provided outside of declared disaster responses or USAID/FFP development assistance.

*Countries categorized as other have received less than \$3 million cumulatively from USAID/OFDA over the past 10 years, and include—in order of descending funding—Morocco, Romania, Greece, Bulgaria, Russia, Algeria, Israel, Albania, Czech Republic, Moldova, West Bank/Gaza, Turkey, Ukraine, Montenegro, Portugal, Tunisia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Hungary, Serbia, Croatia, Cyprus, Italy, Macedonia, Oman, Poland, Slovenia, Switzerland, Uzbekistan, Azerbaijan, and Kazakhstan.

[†]Chart does not include stand-alone DRR projects, administrative support costs, or funding that cannot be categorized by sector due to changes to the USAID/OFDA accounting system that occurred during the decade covered by this document.